

## 200W BASEPLATE COOLED

DC-DC CONVERTER

The RDF200 Series is a range of low profile, baseplate cooled DC-DC brick converters that delivers 200W and offers single output voltages ranging from 12V to 48VDC. The RDF200 series offers an ultra-wide 12:1 input range of 14 to 160VDC, which covers standard industrial voltages and meets all requirements of the EN50155 transportation standard. Baseplate cooling enables effective thermal management which ensures elevated levels of reliability.

With world-wide industrial safety approvals and compliance to transportation standards, high efficiency, high reliability, 3kVAC reinforced isolation, remote On/Off and wide output trimming, the RDF200 series benefits system designers with easy integration into a wide range of applications including; renewable energy, battery systems, autonomous equipment, factory automation and harsh environment railway applications.



### Features

- Single voltage outputs from 12V to 48VDC
- Wide output voltage trim and remote sense
- 12:1 ultra-wide input range 14 to 160VDC
- Industry standard half brick format
- High efficiency, up to 90%
- 3kVAC reinforced input to output isolation
- ITE safety approvals and EN50155 compliance
- Remote On/Off with low 15mA stand-by current
- -40°C to +100°C operating temperature
- Overvoltage, overload, and short circuit protection

### Models & Ratings

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current		Ripple & Noise <sup>(1)</sup>	Maximum Capacitive Load	Efficiency <sup>(2)</sup>
				No Load	Full Load			
RDF20072S12	72VDC (14-160VDC)	12V	16.7A	50mA (15mA in inhibit mode)	3.2A	200mV	16700µF	90%
RDF20072S15		15V	13.5A			200mV	13500µF	89%
RDF20072S24		24V	8.4A			240mV	8000µF	88%
RDF20072S48		48V	4.2A			240mV	2200µF	89%

#### Notes:

1. Measured at 20MHz bandwidth and 10µF electrolytic capacitor at 72VDC input and full load.
2. Measured at nominal 72VDC input.
3. Optional M3 x 0.5 threaded baseplate fixing add suffix -T.
4. Recommended input capacitance of 100µF required to reduce input ripple voltage at -40°C operation. See application notes.
5. Add suffix -N for negative logic control.

### Applications



Autonomous  
Equipment



Industrial  
Electronics  
& Robotics



Railway

### Dimensions

61.0 x 57.9 x 12.7mm (2.40" x 2.28" x 0.50")

## Input

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Input Voltage Range	14		160	VDC	24/48/72/110VDC nominal inputs. Derate output power to 75% with input below 16.5VDC
Input Surge			180	VDC	For 100ms
Undervoltage Lockout		On: >13V		VDC	On
		Off: <11V			Off
Hold Up	See application notes				
Lockout Hysteresis		2		VDC	
Idle Current		15		mA	When output is inhibited
Inrush Current			0.1	A <sup>2</sup> s	
Input Reflected Ripple Current		50		mA pk-pk	Through 12μH inductor
Recommended Input Fuse	25A time delay				
Input Filter	Pi type				

## Output

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output Voltage	12		48	VDC	See Models & Ratings
Output Trim	-20		+15	%	See Application Note
Initial Set Accuracy			±1.0	%	At full load and 110VDC input
Minimum Load	No minimum load required				
Line Regulation			±0.2	%	From minimum to maximum input at full load
Load Regulation			±0.2	%	From 0% to full load
Transient Response			±5.0	%	Maximum deviation, recovering to less than 1% in 250μs for 25% step load change
Start Up Time		100		ms	
Output Voltage Rise Time		100		ms	
Ripple & Noise				mV pk-pk	See Models & Ratings
Overload Protection	110	125	140	%	With nominal output voltage
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous hiccup mode, with autorecovery				
Maximum Capacitive Load	See Models & Ratings table				
Temperature Coefficient			±0.02	%/°C	
Overvoltage Protection	115	125	140	%	Of nominal output voltage
Remote On/Off	Output is on if remote On/Off (pin 4) is open or high (3.5-160VDC), positive logic. Output turns off if remote On/Off (pin 4) is low (0-1.2VDC max.) Positive logic default, for negative logic option add -N suffix to part number				

## General

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Efficiency		90		%	See Models & Ratings table
Isolation: Input to Output	3000			VAC	60s, reinforced
Isolation: Input to Case	3000			VAC	60s, basic
Isolation: Output to Case	500			VAC	60s, basic
Isolation Resistance	100			MΩ	
Isolation Capacitance		500		pF	Input to output
Switching Frequency	432	480	528	kHz	Fixed. Sync pin option (please ask for application support)
Power Density			185.4	W/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Mean Time Between Failure		475/551		khrs	12/15V MIL-HDBK-217F, +25°C GB
		572/629			24/48V MIL-HDBK-217F, +25°C GB
Weight		105.0 (0.23)		g (lb)	
Case Material	Plastic DAP UL94V-0 rated with aluminum baseplate				
Potting Material	Epoxy UL94V-0				
Pin Material	Copper with nickel and matte tin plate				
Solder Profile	Wave solder 260°C max 10s max 1.5mm from case. With 90W iron 420°C for 15s max.				
Fire and Smoke	Meets EN45545-2				
Water Washing	Use de-ionised water, dry thoroughly				

## Environmental

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Operating Base Plate	-40		+100	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55		+125	°C	
Thermal Protection		+105		°C	Measured on baseplate. Non latching. Recover <95°C.
Humidity			95	%RH	Non-condensing
Cooling	Baseplate cooled				
Altitude			5000	m	Operating. Storage 12000m

## EMC: Emissions

Phenomenon	Standard	Test Level	Notes & Conditions
Conducted	EN550121-3-2, EN55032	A	See Application Notes
Radiated	EN50121-3-2		See Application Notes

## EMC: Immunity

Phenomenon	Standard	Test Level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
Railway Equipment	EN50121-3-2			See Application Notes
ESD Immunity	EN61000-4-2	±6kV/±8kV	A	Contact Discharge/Air Discharge
Radiated Immunity	EN61000-4-3	20V/m	A	
EFT/Burst	EN61000-4-4	2kV	A	External capacitor required such as Rubycon 4XF Series, 220µF/200V
Surge	EN61000-4-5	±4kV/±2kV	A	L-E/L-L, External TVS, 1.5 KE 180A Littlefuse
Conducted immunity	EN61000-4-6	10Vrms	A	

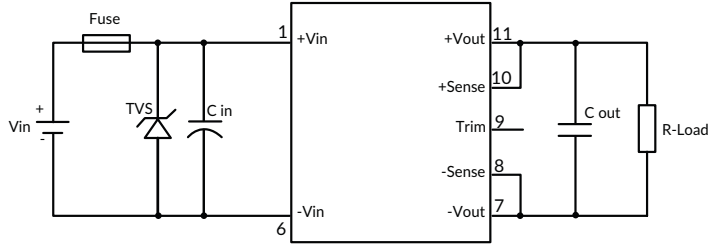
## Safety Approvals

Safety Agency	Standard	Test Level	Notes & Conditions
UL	IEC62368-1		ITE
EN	EN50155		Railway
CE	Meets all applicable directives		
UKCA	Meets all applicable legislation		

## Application Notes

### Input Fusing and Safety Considerations

The RDF200 series converters have no internal fuse. In order to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. We recommended a 25A time delay fuse. It is recommended that the circuit has a transient voltage suppressor diode (TVS) across the input terminals to protect the unit against surge or spike voltages and input reverse voltage (as shown). A suitable part would be 1.5 KE180 A Littlefuse.



### Output Voltage Adjustment

The Trim input permits the user to adjust the output voltage up by 20% or down by 15%. This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the Trim pin and either the +Sense pin or the -Sense pin.

#### To Trim Down

Connecting an external resistor ( $R_d$ ) between the Trim pin and the +Sense pin decreases the output voltage. The following table can be used to determine the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of  $\Delta\%$ .

Trim Down %	12V	15V	24V	48V
	R <sub>d</sub> (k $\Omega$ )			
1	389.67	573.80	929.51	1715.62
2	186.43	276.35	447.25	821.86
3	118.69	177.20	286.50	523.94
4	84.82	127.62	206.13	374.98
5	64.49	97.88	157.90	285.60
6	50.94	78.05	125.75	226.02
7	41.27	63.89	102.79	183.46
8	34.01	53.26	85.56	151.54
9	28.36	45.00	72.17	126.71
10	23.85	38.39	61.45	106.85
11	20.15	32.98	52.68	90.60
12	17.07	28.47	45.38	77.06
13	14.47	24.66	39.19	65.60
14	12.23	21.39	33.89	55.78
15	10.30	18.56	29.30	47.27
16	8.60	16.08	25.28	39.82
17	7.11	13.89	21.74	33.25
18	5.78	11.95	18.58	27.41
19	4.59	10.21	15.76	22.18
20	3.52	8.64	13.23	17.48

### Output Voltage Sensing

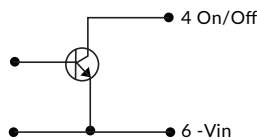
The module will automatically trim the output voltage via the sense pins to the default values either locally or at the load. If not required, the sense pins should be connected locally as indicated in the example circuit.

#### To Trim Up

Connecting an external resistor ( $R_u$ ) between the Trim pin and the -Sense pin increases the output voltage. The following table can be used to determine the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of  $\Delta\%$ .

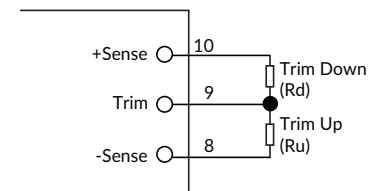
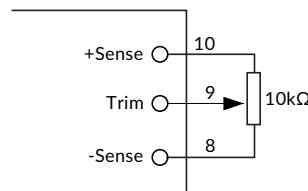
Trim Up %	12V	15V	24V	48V
	R <sub>u</sub> (k $\Omega$ )			
1	263.17	302.45	515.62	1040.52
2	126.59	145.22	247.81	498.66
3	81.06	92.82	158.54	318.04
4	58.29	66.61	113.91	227.73
5	44.63	50.89	87.12	173.54
6	35.53	40.41	69.27	37.42
7	29.02	32.92	56.52	111.62
8	24.15	27.31	46.95	92.27
9	20.35	22.94	39.51	77.21
10	17.32	19.44	33.56	65.17
11	14.83	16.59	28.69	55.32
12	12.76	14.20	24.64	47.11
13	11.01	12.19	21.20	40.16
14	9.51	10.46	18.26	34.21
15	8.21	8.96	15.71	29.05

### Remote On/Off Control



Positive logic: "On" if pin 4 is high >3.5V to 160VDC  
 "Off" if pin 4 is low <1.2V to 0VDC

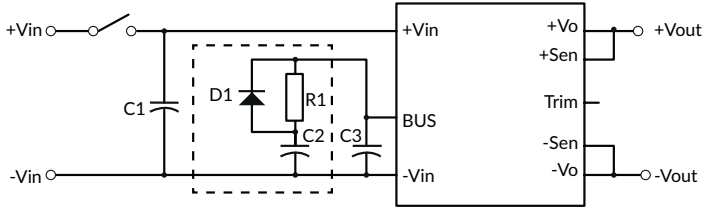
### External Trim



## Application Notes

### Hold Up

To enable hold up functionality the BUS pin can be used as outlined in the following typical circuit where C2 energy is used to maintain the module output.



C2	Nominal Input Voltages					
	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
For 10ms	2400µF	2400µF	2400µF	2400µF	820µF	560µF
For 30ms	7200µF	7200µF	7200µF	7200µF	2460µF	1680µF

If the hold up function is not required use only C3

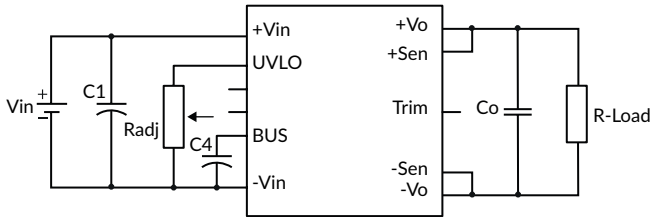
Suggested components:

C1 : 100µF 200V ESR <0.047Ω  
C3 : 240µF (such as Vishay 118AHT)

D1 : 200V 10A  
R1 : 3mΩ 1W

### Adjustable Under Voltage Lockout

The module has default under voltage lockout feature. This can be adjusted by using the following typical circuit:



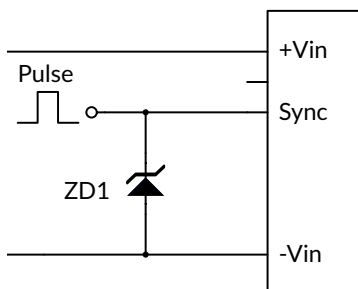
	Nominal Input Voltages				
	24V	36V	48V	72V	110V
Turn Off Threshold (VDC)	11.0 ±0.5	20.0 ±1.0	27.3 ±1.0	41.6 ±1.0	53.0 ±1.0
Turn On Threshold (VDC)	13.0 ±0.5	22.0 ±1.0	29.6 ±1.0	44.6 ±1.0	58.0 ±1.0
Radj Resistor (KΩ) (UVLO to -Vin)	Open	62	34	18	10

Suggested components:

C1 : 100µF 200V ESR <0.047Ω  
C3 : 240µF (such as Vishay 118AHT)

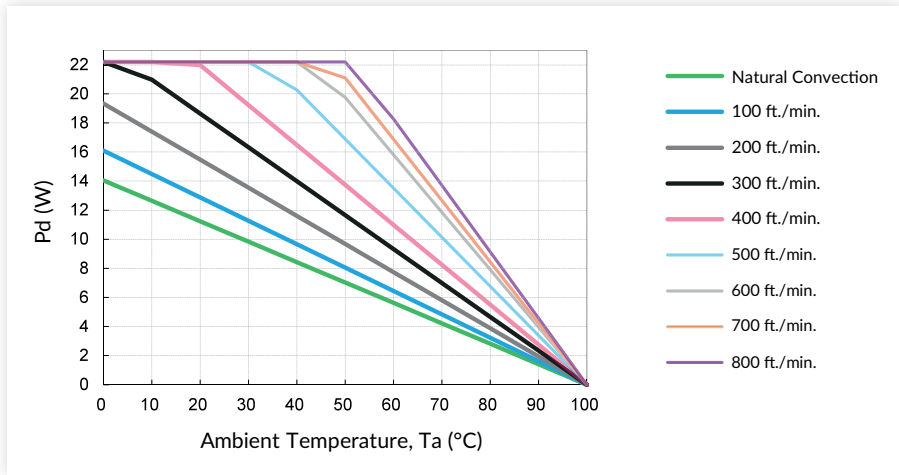
### Synchronized Frequency

An external clock can be used to synchronize the RDF200 by use of a narrow pulse (75ns-120ns, 3.5-5VDC) applied to pin 3 "Sync". The applied signal should be between 530kHz and 630kHz and above the RDF200 switching frequency. Connect applied pulse in parallel with a 5.6V Zener diode as shown.



**Application Notes**

**Airflow Derating Graph**



Air Flow Rate	Typical Rca
Natural Convection 20ft/min (0.1m/s)	7.12°C/W
100ft/min (0.5m/s)	6.21°C/W
200ft/min (1.0m/s)	5.17°C/W
300ft/min (1.5m/s)	4.29°C/W
400ft/min (2.0m/s)	3.64°C/W
500ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.96°C/W
600ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.53°C/W
700ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.37°C/W
800ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.19°C/W

**Example (Without Heatsink)**

To determine the minimum airflow necessary for a RDF20072WS24 operating at an input voltage of 72V, an output current of 6.25A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 20°C:

Determine Power dissipation (Pd):  $Pd = Pi - Po = Po(1-\eta)/\eta$ ,

$$Pd = 24V \times 6.25A \times (1-0.894)/0.894 = 17 \text{ Watts}$$

Where Pi = Input power, Po = Output Power and  $\eta$  = Efficiency

Determine airflow from airflow derating graph using data points for Pd = 17W and Ta = 20°C

Minimum airflow= 400ft./min.

To check that the maximum case temp of 100°C is not exceeded:

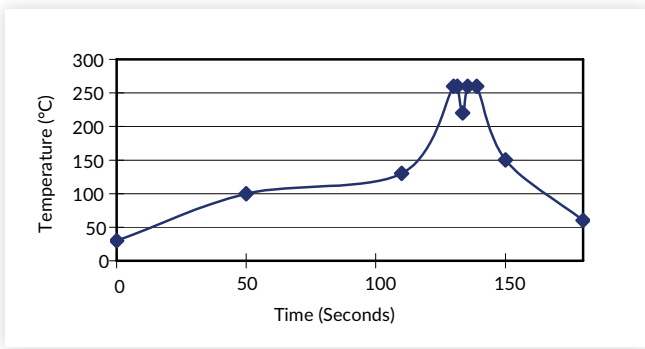
Maximum temperature rise is  
 $\Delta T = Pd \times Rca = 17 \times 3.64 = 62.$

Maximum case temperature is  
 $Tc = Ta + \Delta T = 82^\circ C < 100^\circ C.$

Where: Rca is the thermal resistance from case to ambient environment. Ta is ambient temperature and Tc is case temperature.

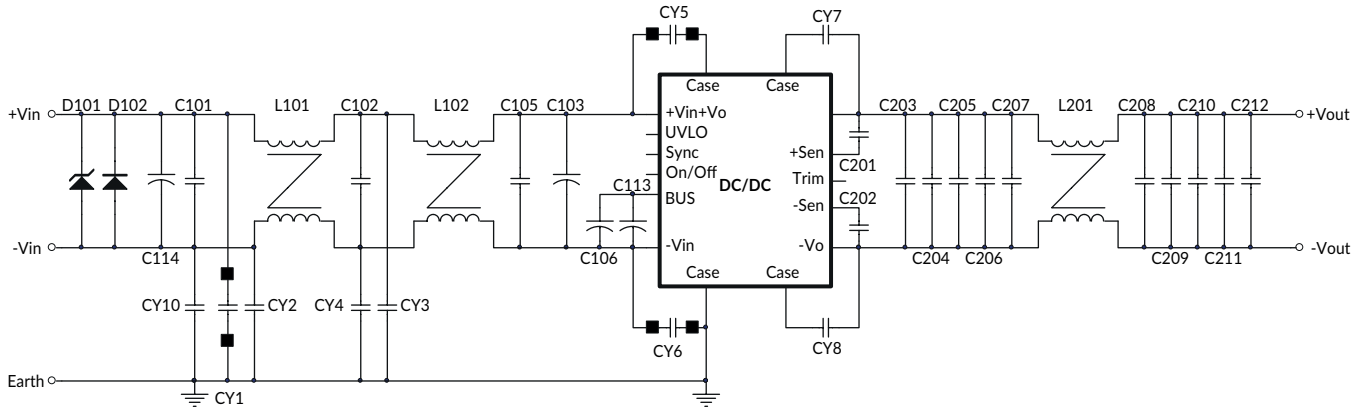
**Solder Profile**

With iron 420 ±10°C for maximum 15s.



## Application Notes

### EMC Filter - Emissions and Immunity



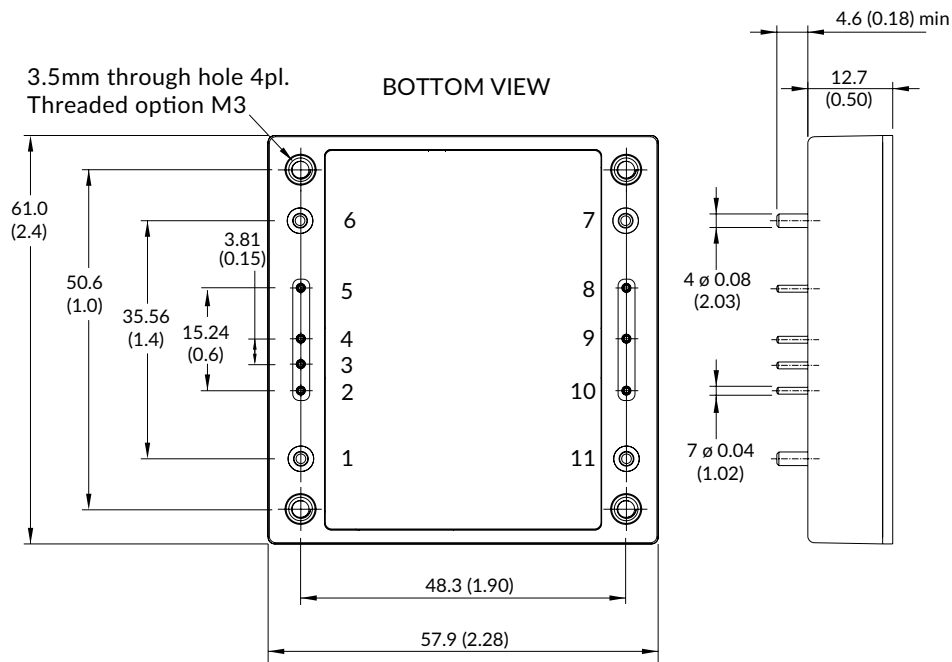
	RDF20072S12	RDF20072S15	RDF20072S24	RDF20072S48
C101, C102, C105	1μF/250V SMD			
C103, C113	220μF/200V aluminum cap. KXJ series			
C106	68μF/200V aluminum cap. CS series			
C114	120μF/220V aluminum cap. KXJ series			
C201, C202	0.1μF/100V SMD	0.068μF/50V SMD	0.1μF/100V SMD	
C203, 204	6.8μF/50V SMD		2.2μF/100V SMD	
C205-C207	10μF/50V SMD			
C208	0.1μF/100V SMD			
C209-C210	1μF/50V SMD			
C211, C212	6.8μF/50V SMD		2.2μF/100V SMD	
CY10	220pF/Y1	100pF/Y1		
CY1		100pF/Y1	220pF/Y1	
CY2	220pF/Y1	100pF/Y1	100pF/Y1	
CY3, CY4	2200pF/Y1			
CY5, CY6	2200pF/Y1			
CY7, CY8	0.022μF/275Vac 10mm X2			
L101, L102	0.72mH 0.8mm*2/10T R-22/14/8B MA100-C ALWIN			
L201	0.12mH 0.7mm*8/2T FCNO179C WELL LIGHT	0.51mH 0.8mm*4/4T FCNO179C WELL LIGHT		
BEAD CORE	CY5, CY6 BRI 4*1.5*2 CHILISIN (G4058651007), CY1 RDF20075S15 ONLY			

#### Notes:

C101, C102, C105: 1812 X7R ceramic.  
 C103, C113: NIPPON CHEMI-CON KXJ series aluminum capacitor or equivalent.  
 C106: Nichicon CS series aluminum capacitor or equivalent.  
 C114: NIPPON CHEMI-CON KXJ series aluminum capacitor or equivalent.  
 C201, C202: 0805 X7R ceramic.  
 C203, C204, C211, C212: 1812 X7R ceramic.  
 C205, C206, C207, C208, C209, C210: 1206 X7R ceramic.  
 CY1, CY2M CY3, CY4, CY5, CY6, CY10: TDK Y1 capacitor or equivalent.

CY7, CY8: CARLI MPX Series X2 capacitor or equivalent.  
 L101, L102: 0.72mH 0.8mm\*2/10T R-22/14/8B MA100-C ALWIN (G91CA125615)  
 L201: 0.12mH 0.7mm\*8/2T, FCNO179C WELL LIGHT (G91C7425515)  
 0.51mH 0.8mm\*4/4T, FCNO179C WELL LIGHT (G91C7421915)  
 D101: SMCJ180A, LITTELFUSE  
 D102: STTH8R03DJF-TR ST

Mechanical Details



Pin Connections	
Pin	Single
1	+Vin
2	UVLO
3	Sync
4	On/Off
5	BUS
6	-Vin
7	-Vout
8	-Sense
9	Trim
10	+Sense
11	+Vout

**Notes:**

1. All dimensions are in mm (inches)
2. Weight: 114g (0.25lbs) approx.
3. Tolerance: x.xx = x.x =  $\pm 0.5$  ( $\pm 0.02$ )  
x.xxx = x.xx =  $\pm 0.25$  ( $\pm 0.01$ )
4. Optional M3 x 0.5 threaded baseplate fixing add suffix -T